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Sponsor Company: Tata Steel

Investigating Formability of Future Steel Grades Using Rapid Alloy Prototyping



Swansea University Prifysgol Abertawe

Plastometrex LPX- Rapid generation of stress strain curves through indentation, profile measurement and finite element simulation.



Titan ROT Optimisation for DP800- Adjusting cooling and transformation parameters such that model outputs match plant produced material. This allows in process changes to be made more easily which can





Lewis Mill (Small Scale Roller & ROT) Titan Modelling

Additionally Lewis Mill optimisation of the Titan model is also being investigated. The Lewis Mill is a lab scale pair of rollers and ROT. This will be essential in trialling novel alloys produced using Rapid Alloy Prototyping before implementing on a production scale. The Titan software is being used to model the Lewis Mill. This will result in a better understanding of the dynamics at play on a smaller scale, and therefore be a key asset in scaling up novel RAP produced alloys to a production scale. The method by which this optimisation will be achieved is outlined below:

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	General	Stands and e	edgers	Tables ar	nd cooling		
	4	<u></u>	٩	105	÷Č	⇒ =	
8	Hot m	netal detector	Coiler	Furnace	Start Stand	Start	
2		72	88	99	0		



MetalMatrix	Scale	Transformation	Deformation	Softening	Thermal properties	Precipita
Matrix p	opertie	\$		Phase c	composition	
Alloy		Steel	~		Ag [wt%]	
Grade		LC	\sim		AI [wt%]	







• A preliminary model that reflects the mill

- geometry, rollers and jets etc. is created.
- Experimentally measured flow rates are also modelled.

Output Data & **Experimental Data**

• The microstructural and temperature outputs of the model are compared with the experimental data

	B [wt%]
	C [wt%]
115.0 µm	Ca [wt%]
0.0 um	Co [wt%]
0.0 um	Cr [wt%]
	Cu [wt%]
	Fe [wt%]
	H [wt%]
	Li [wt%]
	Mg (wt%)
	Mn [wt%]
	115.0 μm 0.0 μm 0.0 μm

Adjust Parameters

Mo [wt%]

• Model parameters are adjusted such that the outputs data matches the experimental data • The process is repeated until the model is optimised.

Model Novel Alloys

• Once an optimised model is created this can be used to predict strip behaviour at a smaller scale for novel RAP alloys.



Optimisation of Titan Model for DP800, modification of cooling paths. Better understanding of predicted grain structure.

Small scale samples created in a scale Run

MAIN IMPACTS OF CURRENT RESEARCH

DECREASED VEHICLE WEIGHT

Decreased vehicle weight results in a direct increase in the range of the vehicle which is one of the known drawbacks regarding electric vehicles. Which is chiefly achieved through the implementation of AHSSs.



Out Table, alongside Lewis Mill simulation. Gain understanding of microstructure at multiple scales.



Analyse the microstructure, and mechanical strength prior to annealing. Compare microstructure at multiple scales to understand effect of sample size.

Research Council

INCREASED FORMABILITY

Increased formability allows more freedom for design engineers to create complex geometries improving performance.

RAPID ALLOY PROTOTYPING

Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council

All of the work carried out, especially regarding understanding megalographic samples at multiples scales, will feed into the work the Prosperity partnership is doing regarding Rapid Alloy Prototyping, allowing swift implementation of these novel alloys.

PROSPERITY PARTNERSHIP



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